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Reconciliare

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Book of Abstracts



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Reconciliare | **Book of Abstract**

About the Journal

Reconciliare is published annually by the University of La Salette, Inc. It aims to provide the faculty of the university to a platform to disseminate their researches in the general field of criminology, information technology, accountancy, engineering, architecture, teacher education, arts, sciences, business education, and allied medical disciplines. The journal welcomes original papers authored by the faculty members or co-authored with other professionals or with students. Publishing in the journal is free of charge.

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Macronutrient Analysis of Foods Sold by Ambulant Vendors

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Abstract

Food is a basic human need. In view of current global urbanization, changes in the sources of foods consumed by the populace become varied and innovative. Street foods became one of these innovation as part of a community cultural characteristics. The aim of the study is to find out the macronutrient contents of popular street foods which are favored by students of the University of La Salette, Inc. a higher education institution in the City of Santiago as well as determine how much calories were provided by these street foods in relation to the recommended daily requirements for these macronutrients.

A descriptive methodology was used through unstructured interview and macronutrient analysis on the three (3) most popular street foods. Results showed that the street foods kwek-kwek, dynamite and shanghai rolls provided significant amount of the calorie intake of the students in terms of the macronutrient contents. The three (3) popular street foods provides 50-75% of the total caloric requirement per day of the average young adults. It is thus recommended that a school policy on what food to sell to students and health information program on proper diet and nutrition for the maintenance of health among the students of the University.

Keywords: street food, macronutrients, recommended daily requirements, calories

Wireless Network-based Computer Chassis Security System

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Abstract

Computers are considered as everyday essentials but just like any common fixtures for productivity it is subject to threats from different sources. The necessity of monitoring and assessment for unauthorized use, manipulation and activity becomes very apparent. This study is geared towards the designing of a wireless network-based computer chassis monitoring system to aid in the persons-in-charge of the computers in the University of La Salette, Inc and to determine its efficiency in protecting the computers of the University from illegal access and manipulation. The project design was installed in the Computer Laboratory 2 and the 12 instructors who used the CL 2, the technician in-charge and the student aide assigned there were asked to answer the survey questionnaire.

Results showed that the designed project/program is very effective in the monitoring tasks of the person-in-charge (teachers, technician or student aide) and allows them to look into other concerns of the users without jeopardizing their monitoring duties. It is thus recommended that the project design/program be tested in a larger scale and upgraded to be compatible to all types of computer operations systems.

Keywords: wireless network-based, monitoring, unauthorized access, unauthorized use

Behavioral Problems of Grade 3 Pupils of a University Grade School Department

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Abstract

Human behavior is a complex product of the interaction of genetic and environmental factors. Normal behavior depends on the concept of what is acceptable for a society and organization for which the individual belongs. There are acceptable behavior for every stage of development of a person. A child as he/she enters school gains the autonomy to express more his emotions and feelings resulting in being labelled as misbehaving. This study aims to find out the behavior problems manifested by the Grade 3 pupils of a University Grade School in order to come up with corrective and preventive strategies for the teachers to manage these effectively.

The descriptive design using the naturalistic observation was used and survey questionnaire for the teacher participants to find out their perceptions on corrective/preventive measures effective to manage problem behaviors. The researchers observed 53 Grade 3 pupils and surveyed 8 teachers of the primary grades 1, 2, 3 & 4. Results showed that the Grade 3 pupils seldom manifest problem behaviors, and teasing is the most common misbehavior observed. The teachers perceived that the most effective measure to prevent problem behavior in the class and at school is the strict implementation of the rules and regulations of the school and the classroom, being a role-model of good values and discipline and giving interesting school work and activities. The teachers recognized the roles of parents in preventing problem behavior. It is recommended that teacher strategies on correcting/preventing problem behavior must be evaluated and assessed to find out the effectiveness of these strategies.

Keywords: behavior problem, normal behavior, misbehavior

Beat Patrol: It's Impact on Public Perception on Safety and Community Participation in Crime Prevention in a City in Metro Manila

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Abstract

The study aimed to assess the implementation of the Beat Patrol and its impact on the public perception of safety and community participation in crime prevention. Beat Patrol is a strategy among the police force in order to address the need for police visibility in their respective area of responsibility to be able to limit and prevent crimes. The descriptive evaluative method was used through survey questionnaire. The participants of the study were the 140 police personnel assigned in the Beat patrol and 70 individuals from the different barangays selected at random. Results showed that the police officers and the representatives from the different barangays perceived a very good implementation of the Beat Patrol and had a positive impact on the perception of the public perception of safety and encouraged more active community participation in crime prevention.

The researchers recommended that the Beat Patrol program be maintained and enhanced. A greater part of the community be surveyed for more reliable results as well as assessment of the Beat Patrol program be made by those police officers who were not part of the Beat Patrol for better triangulation.

Keywords: beat patrol, police visibility, community participation, crime prevention

Wound Healing Property of *ipomoea batatas* Extract Containing Formulated Cream

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Abstract

The study aimed to explore the healing properties of *Ipomea batatas* extract containing formulated cream. The use of the tuber for wound healing has been a traditional eastern medicine remedy for centuries. The researcher would like to replicate studies in a different formulation because most of the studies made use of the fresh and natural extract of the *Ipomea batatas*. The study made use of experimental design using the Sprawley-Dawley rats grouped into the control group, the experimental group and the placebo group. The tuber extracts were applied in induced wounds and observed for healing changes. The ANOVA was used to compare findings of the 3 groups and confirmed using the Tukey-Kramer Multiple comparison tests.

Results showed that the induced incised wounds of the experimental rats healed better than the other two groups thereby duplicating the results of studies on wound healing of the *Ipomea batatas*. It is thus recommended that clinical trials on humans be conducted to find out the wound healing properties on humans.

Keywords: wound healing, Ipomea batatas, formulated cream, natural extract

Distribution Practices of Level 2 Marketing Intermediaries of Carbonated Drinks in Santiago City

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Abstract

Distribution is one of the elements of marketing that is geared towards the delivery of goods to the intended end users. It defines the place and location for the consumer to have the optimum opportunity to avail of the product. The distribution strategies and practices of the marketing intermediaries define the extent the product would be of reach by the consumers and thus the success of the marketing of the product. The objective of the study is to find out the distribution practices of the level 2 marketing intermediaries of the top 10 distribution companies of carbonated drinks in Santiago City in order to identify the best practices to improve their competitiveness of small distribution companies. Data collection method used was the questionnaire and the unstructured interview. Results showed that the companies used the intensive approach, mixed-type of distribution process, person-to-person order placements and willing to deliver daily to their retail outlets in order to gain edge over their competitors. The most common problems of the distributors were inadequate financial resources and inadequate warehousing of their products.

The researchers recommended the creation of an organization that would help them in their activities as well as representation to concerned government agencies that could provide not only financial back-ups but also trainings/seminar for strategies for competitiveness in the product distribution arena.

Keywords: distribution marketing intermediaries, placements, warehousing

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Electorates' Awareness and Political Stand on HB 5359: An Act Postponing the Barangay and Sangguniang Kabataan Elections

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Abstract

This paper dealt with the problem of a series of election postponement brought about by various proposed measures. The purpose of this survey study is to describe the level of awareness and stand of the electorates on HB 5359 in the selected barangays of Cordon, Ramon, and Santiago City. The researchers employed a quantitative research approach through the descriptive-survey method since the study aimed to gather information about the level of awareness and the stand of the Filipino electorates. The conducted study shows that electorates have a low level of awareness on the proposed measure postponing the barangay and SK elections based on their responses. The researchers then perceive it necessary for the government to establish a body that ensures that every proposed law will be adequately disseminated and explained to the citizenry, especially bills that directly affect the latter's rights. Also, a body, which will be stationed in every barangay, must be lawfully created to monitor the views and stand of the citizens and aid them not to be limited with the news they are encountering. The government should also collaborate with schools in raising citizens' awareness of political concerns for them to be politically aware and responsible in addressing critical issues confronting the Philippine society.

Keywords: House Bill No. 5359, Barangay and SK elections, Right of Suffrage, referendum

SATA Results and Academic Achievement of the Education Students

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Abstract

This study aims to relate the results of scholastic abilities test for adults and the mean academic achievement performance of education students. A total of sixty-eight fourth-year college students were randomly selected as a sample of this study. The results and findings were calculated for each student and used as a measure of academic achievement. The results of the study show that there is no statistically significant difference in the academic achievement of the students that correspond to the scholastic abilities test that the university administered.

Keywords: Entrance Examination, instruction, lesson planning, strength and weaknesses

LAN- Based Classroom Attendance Monitoring System

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Abstract

The Lan- Based Attendance Monitoring System of The College of Information Technology, University of La Salette was developed to improve the college in managing the attendance of students and teachers. The researchers aim at designing and developing an interface for the student assistants and department dean. The dean focuses on managing users' accounts and managing the attendance, monitoring, viewing, printing reports from the system, and sending a summary of absences of students to the parents with the use of short message services (SMS). The student assistant manages the attendance, printing attendance, and printing summary reports of attendance. The design and development of the system made use of Rapid Application Development. To come up easily with the design and content of the system, the rapid application was used to enumerate the functionalities and module of the system. The usefulness of the system is to radically increased production, lesser time consumption, and also eliminate the repetitive process.

Keywords: Information technology, school management, human resource, job performance

Operating Room Experience of Midwifery Students during Clinical Placement

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Abstract

It has been strengthened that Bachelor of Science in Midwifery(BSM) students benefit from Operating Room placements by practicing their perioperative nursing skills, widen their knowledge by actually assisting the surgeon during surgery. Besides the positive outcomes, it is also being emphasized that the operating room environment is a complex environment for students, which may trigger their stress during their clinical placements. There are very few studies related to BSM student's perceptions about operating room placements. These qualitative study aims to determine the effect of operating room (OR) experience on BSM students' learning. This study was conducted with fifteen (15) BSM students enrolled at the University of La Salette. Data were collected by using 20 minutes, and answers given by students were recorded by researchers. Researchers interpreted data and four themes emerged and were named "Perception about OR environment," "Experiences at the OR," "Feeling being the scrub midwife assisting the surgeon," and "contribution of the patient, OR team and clinical instructor in the learning process. Personal experiences and perception of the BSM students play an essential role in forming their thoughts related to the operating room, OR an environment is a place where BSM students experience different procedures, caring activities and get involved in analyzing complex health conditions. For the students who are exposed to the operating room for the first time quite stressed due to the place for them to practice clinical skills. Considering BSM students' limited autonomy at OR comparing to clinical wards, they recommended the use of special units like OR, ICE's, DR, Dialysis Unit as a part of clinical education for BSM students.

Keywords: Clinical education, health care, patient, operating environment

New Design for Materials Recovery Facility

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Abstract

This study aims to assess how the university practices waste disposal and to propose a new design for a Material Recovery Facility. To gather data, the researchers used to interview and site observation. The respondents of the study are the heads of the health, laboratory, and physical plant departments. Maintenance and utility aides were also included as sources of data. The results of the study show that the departments above practice different ways of waste disposal. Wastes were also not segregated as required by law. The findings of this study will help the university improve its waste segregation and disposal practices.

Keywords: Segregation, waste management, health department, structural plans

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Teaching Values Education to Medical Laboratory Science Students

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Abstract

The objective of this study is to assess the effectiveness of teaching values to students. This study is of the descriptive type, and data were gathered from second-year students of Bachelor of Medical Laboratory Science. The results of the study show that the students apply the values they learned from their lessons at home and in their respective communities. At home, the values are shown and enacted by the students by showing respect to the members of their families, keeping the house and its surroundings clean, being obedient to their parents and elders, and by cooperating in all activities at home. In the community, the students showed and manifested the values learned at school by extending their help to their neighbors whenever they can, doing their part in maintaining a healthy community, helping to protect the environment, and joining activities that benefit the community.

Keywords: Instruction, curriculum, lesson planning, application

Learning Styles of Business Students: Implications for Instruction

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Abstract

This study aims to determine the learning styles of first-year students of the College of Business Administration of the University of La Salette, Inc. and their implications for quality instruction. To gather data, the survey design was used. One hundred ninety-six freshman students were selected at random as respondents of the study. The result of the study that first-year students have strongly preferred social learning styles, with the characteristics that they prefer to learn in groups or with other people. This study will help the College Dean develops a well-integrated curriculum filled with meaningful activities and tasks that can best meet the various learning styles of the students support the students' study skills, customize pedagogy of teachers and create a wholesome teaching-learning environment.

Keywords: Lesson planning, assessment, classroom activities, pedagogy

Teaching Performance of Education Graduates

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Abstract

This study aims to determine the professional competence of La Salette Teacher education graduates who completed the BEED, BSED curriculum through the personal perception and observation of the principals/headteachers in the selected Private and Public Schools in Isabela and the teacher education graduates themselves. To gather data, the survey design was used. The respondents in this study were the graduates in the College of Education for the school year 2009-2013 who were already employed teaching in the public and private school, either secondary or at the elementary level and the school principals. The school administration and teacher respondents suggested that the listed curriculum subjects contribute to a large extent to the development of the teacher's abilities, competencies, and skills. As to the weaknesses of the Education Graduates, they need to enhance their skills in communication, in test construction, in preparing their lesson plans and art of questioning. Likewise, there is a need to strengthen their commitment to the teaching profession.

Keywords: Competence, skills, school administrators, profession

Effectiveness of Solar-Powered Auto Intensity LED Streetlight

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Abstract

This study aims to assess the effectiveness of the solar-powered auto intensity LED streetlight developed by the researchers and was installed at Brgy. Balintocatoc, Santiago City. To gather data, the survey design was used. Twenty respondents participated in the study. The results of the study show that the project was effective and efficient. By using this project as a basic principle, it is possible to design a centralized intelligent system for its usage in street lighting projects of local government units.

Keywords: Infrastructure, light technology, power consumption, automation

Self-Esteem and Academic Performance of Students

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Abstract

The main objective of the study was to examine how self-esteem interacts with demographic factors such as age, gender, and birth order affect the students' self-esteem with their academic performance. To gather data, the survey design was used. There were 28 respondents' freshmen students, the school year 2014-2015. The study reveals that the level of self-esteem influences the level of academic performance of the respondents. This implies that as self-esteem increases, academic performance also increases. On the other hand, the respondents will low self-esteem also have low academic performance.

Keywords: Instruction, curriculum, lesson planning, academic achievement

Attitudes of Students towards Mathematics

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Abstract

The purpose of this study was to describe the attitudes of students towards mathematics. To gather data, the survey design was used, and 70 respondents participated in the study. The results of the study show that positive behavior towards mathematics has been answered undecided by the respondents. They manifest negative attitudes toward mathematics. The findings of this study will serve as the basis for addressing the attitudes of students towards mathematics apart from finding ways to improve the content of the course.

Keywords: Instruction, curriculum, faculty performance, lesson planning

Russell's Theory of Definite Descriptions

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Abstract

This paper aims to describe Bertrand Russell's Theory of Definite Descriptions as a tribute to mark the 110th anniversary of his theory. This theory was developed to solve philosophical problems engendered by a wrong analysis of language. For Russell, definite descriptions are logically incomplete symbols and do not refer to anything in the world. They should not be treated as proper names but as predicates of a propositional function. Hence, definite descriptions are not subject to sentences. The significance of his analysis reduces the number of entities in the world by rejecting that descriptive phrases stand for objects and liberates philosophy from unnecessary problems brought about by subject-predicate logic and traditional ontology.

Keywords: Analytic philosophy, philosophy of language, predicate logic

Factors Affecting the Choice of BS Criminology as Career Path

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Abstract

The purpose of this study was to determine the factors that affect freshmen Students' Career preference for the BS Criminology course at the University of La Salette. To gather data, the survey design was used, and 71 respondents participated in the study. Results of the study show that students and parents consider "curiosity," "believe," and "public disorder" as relevant in the factors affecting freshmen students' career preference on BS Criminology. Likewise, the area of interest was viewed by the students and parents with some degree of improvement. The findings of this study will serve as the basis for providing supportive and educational activities that can serve to boost the attention of the students in maintaining their interest in their career preferences and uplifting their morals.

Keywords: Instruction, admission, program of studies, career choice

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Time Management Practices of School Administrators

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Abstract

Time management is a considerable challenge for any person, especially to those holding an administrative position. This study aimed to describe how middle-level school administrators manage their daily school-time in the performance of their duties and responsibilities. A survey design was used to gather data from the participants. A total of 25 respondents from a private university participated in this study. The results show that the daily school-time management practices of the deans and school heads focus mostly on implementation, followed by planning, and evaluation. Further, no significant differences exist in the daily school-time management practices of the deans and office heads when grouped according to their profile have been discovered.

Keywords: Human resource, job performance, school management, leadership

Obesity among Undergraduate Students

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Abstract

Obesity is fast becoming a global problem as a result of the increasing availability of fast foods. The purpose of this study is to describe the prevalence of obesity among undergraduate students at one private university in the province of Isabela. Using a survey design, the data were gathered from 2843 students who completed their annual medical/dental examinations. The results of the study show that 33% of the students have BMI beyond the norm. Further, more males are beyond their normal BMI if taken with the male population, but of the total student population, more females are beyond their normal BMI. There is a greater number of older students who are beyond their normal BMI than their younger counterparts who are below their normal BMI.

Keywords: Health issue, body mass index, school clinic, nutrition

Training Needs of Undergraduate Faculty

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Abstract

This study aimed to identify the current training needs in the teaching of the faculty of the university during the school year 2014-2015 as a basis for planning a Continuing Empowerment Program. The research method used in this study is the descriptive method. A total of 73 faculty were included as respondents. The instrument used was adopted from the Fund for Assistance of Private Education (FAPE) Checklist of Training Needs and Problem of teachers. Results of the study show that faculty members need continuing professional growth and development to grow beyond what is basic, to give insights into their teaching, and to refine their skills, to keep abreast with new and better methodologies, responsive innovations, and interactive technologies.

Keywords: Human resource, job satisfaction, instruction, professional development

English Language Proficiency of Education Students

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Abstract

This study aims to describe the English language proficiency of education students at a private university. To gather data, a survey design was used using an instrument adapted from TOEFL Model Test 3, developed by Pamela J. Sharpe. The participants included 193 undergraduate students enrolled in English classes. The results show that 193 respondents are minimally proficient in their levels of language skills in the written structure (grammar and correct usage) and moderately proficient in both vocabulary and reading comprehension. The study had revealed that the students have low mastery levels in English. From the result of this study, administrators will be able to assess the effectiveness of the language program and adopt new trends of teaching if necessary.

Keywords: Vocabulary, grammar, reading comprehension, language competency

**Effectiveness of the Livelihood Programs of Colleges of Business Administration
and Accountancy**

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Abstract

This study aims to determine the effectiveness of the livelihood program of the business-related college of the university to its beneficiaries in the adopted Barangays of the La Salette Pananagutan Center. It employs survey design to gather data from 120 respondents who are beneficiaries of livelihood programs provided to them by the university. The results of the study show that the livelihood programs are effective. Further, it was found out that by providing additional materials for the livelihood programs, the beneficiaries will be able to improve the quality of their products, and by creating more effective and efficient marketing strategies, their sales will increase.

Keywords: Economic development, community extension, social responsibility

Effect of Study Habits to Academic Performance of Accountancy Students

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Abstract

This study aims to describe the relationship between study habits and academic performance among accountancy students. To gather data, a survey design was used. The participants included 22 fourth-year accountancy students from a private university. The result of the study showed that there is a significant difference (2.165) between study habits and academic performance. This result is useful for school administrators and guidance counselors to develop programs that will promote good study habits among the students.

Keywords: Attitude, behavior, undergraduate students, time management

Knowledge and Involvement of Faculty in Institutionalized Integrated Comprehensive Development Program

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Abstract

This study aimed to assess the level of knowledge and involvement of the teaching staff in the Institutionalized Integrated Comprehensive Community Development Program (IICCDP) of the University's La Salette Pananagutan Center (LSPC). To gather data, a survey design was used, and 56 respondents randomly selected from the college faculty members were asked to participate. The results of the study show that the respondents know about the vision, mission, goals of the IICCDP. They are also very knowledgeable of the various programs. To a large extent, they are involved in the program implementation. Lack of time and overlapping of school activities are the leading factors why the participants' involvement in the program is restricted.

Keywords: Community extension, awareness, faculty participation

Tracer Study of the Graduates of the Master of Arts in Education Program

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Abstract

The purpose of this tracer study was to determine how the Master of Arts in Education Program of the University of La Salette Graduate School has contributed to the progress in the careers of its graduates. Using a questionnaire designed to gather the data from 95 graduates of Master of Arts in Education Program who were randomly selected from all over Region 2, it gathered information about the present conditions, status, or trends and deals with what is prevailing. The findings revealed that the Master of Arts in Education Program delivers credible, functional quality education through its qualified and competitive line of professors, existing facilities and services, that it attracts many of the teachers and school administrations, not only within but outside the region, to pursue the Program and to graduate as an alumnus of the University of La Salette.

Keywords: Graduate school, program assessment, education

Utilization of Library Resources by Engineering Students

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Abstract

The purpose of this study is to determine the level of satisfaction and utilization of library resources of engineering students of the University of La Salette about some selected variables. A survey design was used for data collection, and 347 respondents participated in the study. The results of the study show that the library facilities are still well maintained, suitable, and conducive for learning, the existing resources in the library are adequate, effective, useful, and reliable except for resources in the periodical collection, and the library services given to the students by both of the library personnel and library aides are effective.

Keywords: Library services, educational facilities, knowledge base
